

RED HOT METAL COOKSMAN'S LEG

Bolt Strikes James Capridge
and Heat Makes it Sink
in Flesh

SENATOR REED WONT ATTEND JONES CAUCUS

Missouri Senator Says He
Won't Support Man Wil-
son Wants Chosen

OPERATION REMOVES IT TODAY

Canadian Man Is Brought to Cape
Girardeau For Treatment
To Get Well.

MIAO

James H. Capridge, a young man from Canada, was brought to the Cape yesterday suffering from an injury of most unusual character. He was struck in the leg by a flying bolt of red hot iron, which buried itself into the heavy muscle of his thigh, to such a depth that the physician found it necessary to operate.

Capridge was visiting at the blacksmith shop in Canada. He voluntarily took up a hammer to assist a friend who was attempting to make a weld of rather unwieldy pieces of iron. In attempting to strike according to directions given by the physician whom he was assisting, a glancing blow was delivered and a fragment of the heated metal broke off and was hurled with sufficient force to become enveloped in the thigh of the amateur blacksmith.

The pain was quite severe, and it was impossible for him to obtain relief. He was advised by his local physician to come to the Cape and enter the hospital where he would be able to receive the attention that his condition demanded.

After patient and painful effort the foreign substance was located by the surgeon, and considerable cutting was required before it could be removed. The work was accomplished, however, and at this time the patient is progressing nicely, although he still endures considerable pain.

The doctor cautions that unless some unexpected complications arise, the young man will soon be fully restored and other respects not having suffered as a result of the injury in any way.

FIREMAN FRANCK IS ACQUITTED

Robert Franck, a fireman in the employ of the Frisco railroad, was acquitted by a jury in the court of appeals of St. Louis and discharged from the service without disturbing the peace of the soldiers who are quartered in the Hawk woods. The jury was out just forty seconds.

Franck, and a squad of soldiers, got into an argument with the right and the fireman's sturdy right hand put one of the guards down and out. More than fifty rounds were fired at the fireman, who is well known in the Cape and is popular.

Mr. W. L. Mahoney, of Rockwood, after carefully examining the case, has announced that Jones must be confirmed, and the Missouri has made it known that the confirmation will not be made if the president does not sign the resolution.

Senators W. J. Stone, Mr. Reed, and Mr. Smith, all of the Democratic Committee, have voted in favor of Jones' appointment, but he is not a member of the Committee which has the matter under consideration.

In this fight Senator Reed is pitted against the President. Mr. Wilson has announced that Jones must be confirmed, and the Missouri has made it known that the confirmation will not be made if the president does not sign the resolution.

Metal Cooking Utensils Become Charged With Electricity When Storm Visits Fruitland

The metal fans, on some of the windmills that are in use in the locality of the storm, were transformed into whirls of flame, as they rapidly revolved by the force of the high wind that prevailed.

It seems that a herd of these well-bred animals had been driven in the face of the high wind to a barbed wire fence on the South side of the pasture in which they were enclosed and while bunched against the fence a bolt of lightning struck the wire and the voltage was sufficient to kill the two that were in direct contact with the current.

A number were overcome by the shock, and at first it was thought they were all killed but in a few minutes all but the two receiving the full force of the shock struggled to their feet, and will recover.

HIS ACTION PUTS END TO CONFERENCE PLANS

Missouri Senator Says He Will
Prevent What Wilson
Wants Done

By Telegraph to the Tribune.

Washington, July 18.—Senator James A. Reed this afternoon refused to enter a Democratic caucus at which it was planned by Democratic leaders to make the nomination of Thomas D. Jones as a member of the Federal Reserve Board as a party movement.

The Missourian stated flatly that he would not take part in the conference; that he was not in favor of Jones for membership on the board and that he would not be bound by any agreement reached by the Democratic caucus.

The suggestion of a caucus on this appointment is a most unusual action," said Senator Reed. "I do not desire to be considered a party rebel, but I will not take part in such a conference."

Other Democratic leaders, when informed of the Missourian's action, also expressed their displeasure with the proposed caucus, and brought an unexpected halt to the plan of the administration leaders to force Democrats into a caucus on the appointment.

Friends of the President in the Senate claim the Senate membership is fixed on the Jones nomination, and that the vote of the Vice President who is the presiding officer will insure Jones' appointment.

This statement, however, is borne out by the polls made by those who are unfavorable to the appointment of Jones. They still show that the friends of the administration are still short five votes to confirm the Caucuses.

Senator Reed has not looked upon the nomination of Jones with favor since the Caucuses admitted before the Senate Committee ten days ago that he was a stockholder in several corporations, large and small, and that he was in favor of the methods used by these institutions.

Senators Reed and Mr. Smith being the most determined men in the Senate to support Jones, it is evident that he will be supported in his efforts to confirm the nomination.

Doctor Calls Fight on Utilities
Company a Battle for All
Manhood

To the Editor of the Tribune:

It is gratifying to see the unceasing energy and determination by our city fathers to awaken the City Council and the citizens in general to a consciousness of the purifying influence of public health. Adequate garbage disposal and the securing of unpolluted water supply are sanitary problems which have been neglected long enough by the municipality and by the Health officers, sanitarians of the city, and medical practitioners, will unite their voices with the press of the community that proper authorities will not be slow in removing the stains from the sanitary standard of our otherwise attractive city.

To be sure, it costs money to accomplish these ends, but what consequence is material wealth to the individual who permits his garbage to accumulate and drinks water which perhaps is polluted and then by reason of disease which springs from such carelessness, neglect, or ignorance loses his life and more of his means than would have been required to prevent the cause of his misfortune.

Education, more education and still more education is essential before communities will understand that they part with a few dollars per capita they will lose fewer citizens from the ravages of preventable diseases. Your paper will have rendered an invaluable service to this community if it succeeds in its campaign to compel the local Public Utilities company to supply it with unpolluted drinking water. Public attention should be called in no uncertain terms to the unwarrantable wastage of human life due to typhoid fever.

Charles Gray, Dr. L. S. Mayfield, Stanley Hollenbeck, Floyd Strode and J. C. Halliday of Illinois, came up to the Cape in an auto yesterday afternoon and after spending a few hours visiting friends, returned to communicate largely by polluted drinking water. It is startling to

HOW HEALTH OFFICERS ARE DRIVING PLAGUE FROM NEW ORLEANS



VORBECK LAUDS TRIBUNE'S FIGHT ON BAD WATER

Cape Girardeau Physician
Says This Newspaper Should
Have Support of City

POLLUTED WATER KILLS
AN ARMY EVERY YEAR

Doctor Calls Fight on Utilities
Company a Battle for All
Manhood

To the Editor of the Tribune:

It is gratifying to see the unceasing energy and determination by our city fathers to awaken the City Council and the citizens in general to a consciousness of the purifying influence of public health. Adequate garbage disposal and the securing of unpolluted water supply are sanitary problems which have been neglected long enough by the municipality and by the Health officers, sanitarians of the city, and medical practitioners, will unite their voices with the press of the community that proper authorities will not be slow in removing the stains from the sanitary standard of our otherwise attractive city.

To be sure, it costs money to accomplish these ends, but what consequence is material wealth to the individual who permits his garbage to accumulate and drinks water which perhaps is polluted and then by reason of disease which springs from such carelessness, neglect, or ignorance loses his life and more of his means than would have been required to prevent the cause of his misfortune.

Education, more education and still more education is essential before communities will understand that they part with a few dollars per capita they will lose fewer citizens from the ravages of preventable diseases. Your paper will have rendered an invaluable service to this community if it succeeds in its campaign to compel the local Public Utilities company to supply it with unpolluted drinking water. Public attention should be called in no uncertain terms to the unwarrantable wastage of human life due to typhoid fever.

Charles Gray, Dr. L. S. Mayfield, Stanley Hollenbeck, Floyd Strode and J. C. Halliday of Illinois, came up to the Cape in an auto yesterday afternoon and after spending a few hours visiting friends, returned to communicate largely by polluted drinking water. It is startling to

	1900	1901	1910
Cincinnati	7.5	11.7	30.0
Minneapolis	11.5	11.6	32.2
Kansas City, Mo.	12.8	23.7	35.6
Tampa, Fla. (City)	9.6	26.0	36.6
Chicago	15.5	16.8	32.0
Milwaukee	16.0	19.0	32.0

It is amazing and staggering to realize that in these days of boasted civilization over 30,000 human beings are annually sacrificed on the altar of the typhoid germ through indifference of hundreds of American municipalities.

While we pity India and send funds to that country for the relief of its horrible conditions, it is not so well to pride ourselves that in 1909 there were more cases of typhoid fever in the United States than there were cases of plague in India.

We concur with the people of Russia when they are induced down the road of typhoid prevention.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

White men, Indians, negroes, Chinese, Japanese, etc., are all affected by typhoid fever.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

White men, Indians, negroes, Chinese, Japanese, etc., are all affected by typhoid fever.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

White men, Indians, negroes, Chinese, Japanese, etc., are all affected by typhoid fever.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

White men, Indians, negroes, Chinese, Japanese, etc., are all affected by typhoid fever.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

White men, Indians, negroes, Chinese, Japanese, etc., are all affected by typhoid fever.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

White men, Indians, negroes, Chinese, Japanese, etc., are all affected by typhoid fever.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

White men, Indians, negroes, Chinese, Japanese, etc., are all affected by typhoid fever.

It is a very striking fact with respect to the typhoid fever epidemic that has occurred in the United States in the past few years that the cases of typhoid fever in the United States are increasing.

4 BLUE BLOOD HOGS IN COURT

Judge Willer to Decide
Ownership of These
Aristocratic Hogs

STOLEN, THEN MARKED

Farmers Who Purchased Swine
Will Prosecute Thief Who
Sold Them

Four big fat hogs were restored to the possession of Lee Job, a young farmer living on the Dutchtown road about six miles west of this city yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Job deals in aristocratic livestock and his hogs as a rule are easily distinguished from those belonging to his neighbors who still cling to the "hazel spitter" variety.

Some time ago he missed a number of his choicer swine, and after a careful search through the community, discovered four hogs to which he laid claim, although they bore fresh ear marks different to what he uses as a means of identification.

He interviewed the parties in whose possession they were and found discovered they were Job's hogs.

The men in whose possession the hogs were refused to deliver the sought livestock to Mr. Job on his request and he finally resorted to the courts to establish his claim.

A writ of replevin was obtained through Justice Willer's court, and Constable Gaylord was deputized to Ramsey's station with instructions to seize the hogs and deliver them to the law of Mr. Job where they will remain until the question of ownership is settled through legal process.

In the meantime, the parties from whom they were taken claim that no wrong was intended, and that they acquired their title through a deal made in good faith on their part with neighbors. Mr. Job claims that the embezzlement of the hogs was committed by the neighbors.

The day that these names were

been read in the courtroom, Mr. Job had a meeting with the parties.

They do not dispute the correctness of Mr. Job's contention, but at the same time they dislike the losing the amount which they believe they are entitled to have paid for the hogs.

At Martin and Charles Warren, the attorneys of the parties, the trial was adjourned.

They offered no resistance to an injunction, but have expressed the desire to start proceeding against the third party, indicating a request for a suspended sentence.

It is expected to call for a new trial when the parties are again in court.

MAN, ROLLING IN
RIVER, IS SAVED

Robert Pew is Saved by
of Freight When Wheel

Pulls

Robert Pew, a boy, about 14, the son of a farmer, was pulled from his wagon by about 1000 lbs. yesterday afternoon while driving down the steep river bank. The wheel hit a rock and the wagon fell into the water. The boy was pulled ashore by the plowman who was driving the team. The boy was bruised but not seriously injured.

He was taken to the hospital where he received treatment.

It is expected that the boy will be able to return home in a few days.

The boy was driving along the sloping embankment when one of the wheels slipped off the axle on the lower side causing it to drop so suddenly that the driver was unseated before he could realize what had happened. He was just making the turn to drive down on the ferry boat when the accident occurred.

The immense hay frame which rested on top of the running gear topped so much as to almost turn the wagon entirely over. The team became frightened and for a time it appeared as though matters would end seriously.

By stagers rushed to the horses heads and seized them by the bits, managing to keep them in control until the hay frame was re-adjusted and the wheel again put in place.

Mr. Pew was slightly bruised from coming in contact with the rough stones with which the levee is paved and his clothing was somewhat torn.

His injuries were not serious however, although for a time it seemed as though a disaster could not be averted.

STRIKERS BLOW UP ARKANSAS MINE

Fort Smith, Ark., July 20.—Dynamite was used again today in the coal strike war near Hunting. The Coronado Coal Company's mine was blown up and was burning this afternoon.